BY J. L. PENNINGTON & CO.

THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. VI. RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 13, 1865 —NO. 267.

THE NEWS.

—For latest news see Fourth Page.

—Gen. McClellan, at last accounts, was in Dundee.

—John Bright of England, who is about to visit the United States, at the invitation of President Johnson, will probably spend three months in our country—one before, and two after the opening of Congress.

—The Georgia Central has been repaired for a distance of forty five miles out from Savannah, and as a consequence trade has become very brisk, particularly in cotton. Large quantities were stored in the city, on the wharves and about the depots, and everything looked encouraging for a thorough revival of the important traffic as soon as the railroads could be thoroughly restored.

—A Missouri paper states that iron is found in thirty four counties of that State; lead is found in thirty one; coal in 36; copper in twenty two; silver in five.

—The last Washington *on dit* is to the effect that when, a few days ago, the President was indirectly blamed by an over officious radical for the speed with which he granted pardons, his reply was "that Speed had nothing to do with it."

—It is reported that Gen. Banks, abandoning all hope of a U. S. Senatorship from Louisiana, will seek election to the House of Representatives in his old Massachusetts District this fall, a vacancy existing by the resignation of Mr. Gooch.

—Kate Howard, alias Mrs. Trelawney, who, it was understood, was an especial favorite of the Emperor Louis Napoleon, died in the latter part of last month in the vacinity of Versailles, France.

—The French at Matamoras are reported as very touchy on the subject of war between this country and Mexico. They say that 50,000 men could be concentrated on the Rio Grande, besides a force of 25,000 would invade the United States. They evidently never heard of our squirrel-hunters.

—Governor Lewis, of Wisconsin, has issued a proclamation returning the thanks of the people of the State, to Wisconsin soldiers for their gallantry and patriotism, and paying a tribute to the memory of the heroic dead.

—It it said that the work of Ex-President Buchanan, being a defense of his administration against the charges of the Republican party as to its identification in any way with the rebellion, is already printed, bound and ready for distribution.

—President Johnson a few days ago informed the delegation of Missourians, who called on him on business, that he had decided to restore the spirit of the habeas corpus, and will soon issue a proclamation to that effect. He also said the army was to be further reduced by the muster out of troops serving in such Southern States as had satisfactorily reconstructed their State governments.

—There has been a dash of excitement at Fortress Monroe, a few days past, over a suspicious little steamer called the Effort, dodging about among the tortuous windings and shallows of the eastern shore, Gen. Mills sent two expeditions after her but without success. Various were the rumors that a rebellious expedition was being hatched to release Jeff Davis and take him to Europe, but the probability is the Effort was only engaged in smuggling. The event, however, made the military and naval folks brush up for any sudden emergency.

—The telegraph announces that the people of the Territory of Colorado have adopted the constitution proposed by the late convention. As far as we have been able to learn anything about this organic law, it follows generally the constitutions of the free States in all leading features. The Legislature, at its first organization, is to consist of thirteen Senators and twenty-six members of the lower house, to be increased, as circumstances may require, after 1870, to thirty and seventy-eight for each branch respectively; which extent of representation is the maximum. The Governor's salary is fixed at $2,000 per year, the Secretary of State at $1,500, and the Treasurer's $1,000. It is supposed the people will ratify the proceedings, and that the application will be made to Congress at its next session for the admission of the Territory into the sisterhood of States.

—Gen. Custis Lee, a son of Robert E. has been appointed Professor in the Virginia Military Institute to fill the chair formerly occupied by General Jackson.

—General Order No. 59, Headquarters Department of Kentucky, dated Louisville, August 25, directs that all public buildings in that State, such as court houses, churches, colleges, school houses, &c., occupied by troops, will at once be vacated and turned over to the proper persons.

—An interesting case is in progress before the District Court of Kentucky, says the Louisville *Journal*, in which an intelligent lady is pleading her own cause. She is bravely fighting the revenue officers on the picture question. The decision will be important to photographers.

—The Washington *Republican* has heard a story about R. S. Ewell, lately a southern insurgent, to the effect that during his sojourn in that city he was invited to a dinner party of rebel sympathizers, but declined to attend on the ground that he "could not feast with gentlemen who *sympathized* with the South in the late struggle and yet would not fight for her independence." It is said that this announcement fell like a wet blanket upon the speech symposium.

—Gossips tell of a rough fight with the tiger at Morrissey's at Saratoga. A party sat from one day until 4 o'clock the next, and the animal came out best, though they were $25,000 ahead at one time.

—Robert Orrick, a colored man, has received the contract to convey the mails between Leesburg and Winchester, Va., at $825 per year. He is said to be the first colored man that ever received a contract of the kind.

FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.—The following is a revised list of the principal Assistant Commissioners of the Freedmen's Bureau, with their respective headquarters:

Kentucky and Tennessee—Brig. Gen. O. B. Fisk, Nashville, Tenn.

South Carolina, Georgia and Florida—Brevet Maj. Gen. R. Saxton, Beaufort, S. C.

Mississippi—Col. Samuel Thomas, Jackson.

North Carolina—Col. E. Whittlesey, Raleigh.

Louisiana—T. W. Conway.

Alabama—Gen. Wager Swayne, Montgomery.

Virginia—Col. O. Brown, Richmond.

Missouri and Arkansas—Brig. Gen. J. W. Sprague, St. Louis.

Texas—Brevet Brigadier General F. M. Gregory, Galveston.

District of Columbia—Colonel John Eaton, Jr., Washington.

A RADICAL EDITOR'S OPINION.—"The Black Republican" is a newspaper in New Orleans, edited by a colored man (a clergyman,) who it would seem from the following does not think that the regulation of his brethren is to be accomplished by voting and tax-paying: "The colored man and the white man cannot live together in this country, they must, and will have to separate unless the Congress of the nation will give them a place for themselves, for, as it was with Abraham and Lot, so it is with us, and the sooner we seek a home for our rising generation, the better it will be for us. Our final destiny, so far as I can dimly see, is that in three hundred years it will be a rare thing to see a colored man in this country. Like the Indian, our race is destined to become extinct in this country, unless we move ourselves."

There is a Butternut living a few miles from Van Wert, who has on hand $450 in gold, for which he was at one time offered $700 in greenbacks for one of gold; but refused, saying that he would "hold on" until greenbacks got to be fifty cents a piece and then invest. He has just now a great deal to say about the "privileged class" that loaned their money to the Government, and are exempt from taxation. The same opportunity was presented to him, but he preferred to help Jeff. Davis, and is now calling on the American people to imitate Jeff., by repudiating debts of their own contracting.—*Van Wert Bulletin.*

—The editor of the *Indiana State Sentinel*, at Indianapolis, has commenced suit against Gen. Hovey, for false imprisonment during the war. He claims $80,000 damages.

N. C. COMMISSION HOUSE.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

The undersigned have established a Commission and Forwarding House in Wilmington, and offer their services for the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Cotton Yarns, Tobacco, Bacon, Flour, &c., &c., and to purchase for merchants or others any goods sold in this market. Consignments and orders respectfully solicited.

W. S. G. ANDREWS, of Goldsboro. BENJ. H. BARDIN, Lowell Cotton Mills.

Office—No. 2 South Water st., up stairs.

aug29-1m*

State Convention.

PUBLIC SPEAKING!

MESSRS. W. H. HOOD & J. L. PENNINGTON,

Candidates for the State Convention, will address their fellow citizens at the following times and places, where they will be pleased to meet their fellow-citizens. Other candidates are invited to attend these appointments:

Hayes' Store,	Tuesday,	"	12th.
Morrisville,	Wednesday,	"	13th.
Spikes',	Thursday,	"	14th.
Oak Grove,	Friday,	"	15th.
Laws',	Saturday,	"	16th.
Green Level,	Monday,	"	18th.
Tabby Jones',	Tuesday,	"	19th.
Barney Jones',	Wednesday,	"	20th.

Sept. 5th, 1865. td.

GRAND FALL OENING!

GRAY, KELLOGG & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HOUSE

(Old stand of S. H. YOUNG,)

Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.,

Keep constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of

Dry Goods,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

Groceries, &c., &c.

Having made arrangements with prominent houses in New York, they are enabled to offer to the public at all times the

LATEST STYLES OF GOODS,

which they will sell at rates and prices as low as any establishment in the State. septl-3m

WIRE, NAIL ROD AND SHEET IRON.

1000 POUNDS	WIRE,	running from No. 6 to 26.
2000	do	Nail Rod Iron
2000	do	Sheet do
2000	do	Plantation do, from 3 to 8 inches wide
500	do	Horse-shoe Iron
4000	do	Shovel-plate Iron

For sale by B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO., Commission Merchants. aug30-tf

FOR SALE.

WILL be sold to the highest bidder on Tuesday next, September 12, at Oak's plantation, ten miles east of Raleigh, about 100 head of HOGS—sows, pigs and fattening hogs. Also five Cows and Calves.

Terms of sale—cash. DAVID HINTON.

sept6-1w

THE CITY.

THE CANVAS.—We are glad to hear that the canvas for the Convention from this city and county is being conducted in a spirit of harmony and upon a basis of principle which does great credit to the heads and the hearts of the men who are participants. Notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Pennington, our "honest John," a man who really deserves the name, is among the belligerents, the *Progress* has neither sought or desired to proclaim his praise. Like a truly modest man, the Editor-in-Chief, has left a special injunction with his Associates that the paper should not be made the vehicle of his eulogy. One of that number—a Confederate Captain, who served in the Army of Northern Virginia up to the mounds of Lee's surrender at Appomattox Court House—prefers to disregard the injunction. He unhesitatingly, though differing with Mr. Pennington in many points, recommends him to the support, the votes and the sympathy of those who, with him, stood in the battle's front for four years. He does this upon a fuller knowledge, if possible, of the views, opinions and feelings of Mr. P. than the public can possibly have. He is conscientious, honest, self-made, reliable, full of integrity, devoted to North Carolina, warm in his friendship for Confederate soldiers—and not in any way the advocate of class legislation. The only possible argument which honesty dare submit against Mr. P. is the fact that he is the impassable friend of the mechanic, the workingman, the farmer and that high merit which in all conditions, as Burns says: "Makes a man a man for all that."

A NICE PLACE.—Paint and upholsters have contributed much recently to the improvement of Raleigh. This is evidenced by the external as well as internal appearance of the Saloon next to the Yarborough House. Messrs. Johnson & Graves, the proprietors, have in their establishment as fine liquors, wines, ales, porters, &c., &c., as can be found in the South, and gentlemen who have a fancy for such beverages may satisfy their apetites in a quiet way at will. They know how to prepare drinks in a friendly style.

THE RIGHT SPIRIT.—There are in this community a class of people—small, we are glad to think—who omit no occasion to decry every man of Northern birth and every manifestation of enterprise. But the game does not appear seriously to check the spirit of some of the Northmen who are here to share with us in building up the city and State. We understand that a party of the latter kind have formed a building association, and if the ranks are filled up, will at once purchase a site and put a public hall to be used for theatrical and other performances. We hope they will persevere in their purpose, and the nation may with advantage copy the example of go-ahead-ativeness.

HANDSOME, VERY.—Our neighbor and friend, Mr. C. M. FARRISS, whose furnishing store is filled with every article necessary to the complete outfit of gentlemen, is entitled to our thanks for the elegant neck tie sent us yesterday. In quality, color and arrangement they are very tasteful, and if any of our readers in want of such articles are advised to call and make a selection. In fact, they may find therein any thing in the nature of dress which has recognition in the world of fashion.

BEAUTIFUL.—We find in the [illegible] port that our fair city of Oak[illegible] We desire to say that the re[illegible] from the correspondent of the [illegible] ite of the deepest dye.

CONVENTION.—We are sketches, a day or two since, to visiting [illegible] Finch had commenced a forwarding and commission business at the depot of the N. C. Railroad. J. H. Finch, a gallant spirit and friend in the day he [illegible] went to that heaven from whence no traveler returns to this [illegible] fight. We loved him and now honor his memory; but Wm. H. Finch, a gentle representative of the same, is the gentleman to whom we referred. He is not among the things that were, and [illegible] shadow remains.

RUNAWAY.—[illegible] morning [illegible] o'clock, a horse attached to a buggy, driven by Mr. F. Whitehurst, created consternation on Wilmington, between Morehead and Hargett streets, by one of those splendid dashes which, while they excite our admiration, fill us with alarm. Mr. Whitehurst was thrown from his buggy and his left leg broken, when the progress of the horse was stayed, and only the shafts of the vehicle broken.

IN PETERSBURG.—Among the Raleigh folks registered at the hotels in Petersburg last Monday, we see the names of A. M. Hope, E. F. Britton, W. H. H. Tucker, and T. A. Wilds.

MARKET REPORT

CORRECTED DAILY BY

E. A. WHITAKER,

Grocer and Dealer in Provisions.

Apples—Dried, $1 25 per bushel,
" Green, $2 00 per bushel,
Bacon—Firm, sales at 24@26c per lb.
Beef—10c per lb.
Butter—25c per lb.
Cheese—40c per lb.
Chickens—20 a 30c a piece.
Coffee—50c per lb.
Corn—$1 20 per bushel.
Eggs—20 a 25c per dozen.
Flour—Superfine $12 per bbl.;
Hides—Green 10c.
" Dry 15c.
Honey—in comb, 25 to 30c per lb.
Lamb—12½@15c per lb.
Lard—25c per lb.
Meal—$1 25 per bushel. (scarce)
Mullets—$15 00
Mackerel—$20 per bbl.
Onions—$1 00 per bushel.
Peaches—dried 10c per lb.
Peas—White $100; Stock 90 to $1; Garden 40c per peck.
Potatoes—Irish $1 00 per bush.
" Sweet, new, $1 00 per bushel.
Sugar—Crushed 35c per lb; Brown 25c
Syrup—40c@50 per gallon.
Soda—Cooking, 25c per pound.
Salt—$2 50 per bushel.
Tallow—10c@12½ per lb.
Herrings—$14 per bbl.
Rice—15c per lb.
Candles—Adamantine, 40c lb per box.
Soap—Turpentine, 20c per lb.
Bluestone—50c per lb.

We are authorized to announce Dr. J. W. McCAULEY as a candidate for the approaching Convention for the county of Alamance. sept13-td

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Goodspeed Steamship Line

BETWEEN N. YORK AND NEWBERN.

THE A NO. 1 FINE STEAMSHIP

EL CID.

HOBART - - - - - Commander,

Will sail directly for New York on SATURDDAY, September 16, at 5½ P. M.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply at W. H. Oliver & Co.'s Brick Store, foot of Craven street, to

sept13-4t C. P. GOODSPEED, Agent.

The steamer will follow the D. H Mount, and El Cid from this port at 5½ o'clock on Saturday, Sept. 23.

NEW GOODS

FOR FALL AND WINTER, 1865.

A. CREECH

takes the pleasure to inform his friends and customers and the public generally, that he has just returned from New York, where he has selected with great care a large and good assortment of

[illegible]

I have [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu.

For Weakness arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or Excesses, which are superinduced by so many exciting causes, unless, which will be found, Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forebodings of Evil; in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and Inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

The Constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine, to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU accomplishes. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

In affections peculiar to "FEMALES," is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous State of the Uterus; and all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from habits of dissipation, imprudence in, or the decline or change in life.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH,

Will radically exterminate from the System Diseases arising from Habits of Dissipation at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiba and Mercury in all those diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

In all Diseases of these organs, whether existing in "Male" or "Female," from whatever cause originating, and no matter how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken down or Delicate Constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his Bodily Health. Mental Happiness, and Organic Vigor. "A stitch in time saves" requires the aid of a surgeon.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Is the great Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the blood, removing all chronic constitutional diseases, arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulceration of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erysipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin,

AND BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION.

Not a few of the worst disorders that affect mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect HELMBOLD'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It cleanses and renovates the blood, instills the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expells the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy that could be relied on has long been sought for, and now for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonfuls of the Extract of Sarsaparilla added to a pint of water is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is fully equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and are also in very general use in all the State HOSPITALS and PUBLIC SANITARY INSTITUTES throughout the land, as well as in private practices, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

See Medical Properties of Buchu,

FROM DISPENSATORY OF THE UNITED STATES,

See Professor Dewan's valuable works on the Practice of Physic.

See remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM M'DOWELL, a celebrated Physician and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the Transactions of the King and Queen's Journal.

See *Medico Chirurgical Review*, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Fellow of Royal College of Surgeons.

See most of the late Standard Works of Medicine.

EXTRACT BUCHU,
"SARSAPARILLA."

Sold by all Druggists.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT—

HEMBOLD'S

Drug and Chemical Warehouse,

594 BROADWAY, N. YORK.

sept8-1stm

AUCTION SALES OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY IN THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

AUCTION SALES OF HORSES, MULES, ARMY Wagons, Spring Wagons, Harness and other government property will take place from time to time at the principal cities and towns in the State.

These sales will afford farmers excellent opportunities to stock their farms with any class of animals they desire to purchase.

Each sale will embrace a variety of stock, including riding and draught Horses and Mules of every class. A few very large Mules, thoroughly broken to harness, and in fine condition, will be offered at each sale.

The attention of capitalists and dealers in stock is particularly called to the opportunities here presented for profitable investment. Stock purchased for cash at these sales may be sold on credit, with ample security, at a large advance, to farmers who are depending on their growing crops for means to purchase—or may be retained, and sold for cash at a large profit after the crops have matured.

Terms CASH on day of sale.

Sales will continue during the month of August, and will be advertised in this column as soon as dates are fixed.

At MOREHEAD CITY, on Tuesday and Wednesday, September 12th and 13th, 1865, under the direction of Capt. D. W. DAY, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 10 a. m. each day.

At TOOMER COURT HOUSE, Harnet county, on Wednesday, September 27th, 1865, under the direction of [illegible] A. M. GASCOYNE, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at [illegible] A. M.

At CHARLOTTE, on Tuesday, October 3d, 1865, under direction of Capt. D. W. H. DAY, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., and to continue from day to day, at the discretion of Capt. Day.

TAILORS, ATTENTION!

C. M. FARRISS, one door above the Progress office, has employment for an additional number of Journeyman Tailors. Five good "Coat hands" can obtain employment by applying immediately. Females, not recommended, may apply. aug30-tf

LOST OR MISLAID,

ABOUT the last of April, 1865, a certificate for fourteen shares of stock in the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Company, No. 116. All persons are warned not to trade for said certificate.

aug26-1w* DAVID HINTON.

THE POST OFFICE BEING FOR THE PRESENT [illegible] up stairs, and therefore inconvenient, a small flag [illegible] placed at the window will indicate that it is open. No [illegible] that it is closed. A. MILLER, P. M.

[illegible] Sept. 2, 1865. tf.

WANTED TO RENT,

A DWELLING HOUSE, in a healthy and central location. Apply to S. MAXON, Field and Fire-Building, Fayetteville street. aug26-tf

[illegible] Old Bourbon and Monongahela Whiskey, Superior—Cognac Brandy—Holland Gin, &c., &c.

CASES Old Bourbon Whiskey.
" do Monongahela "
" do Superior Cognac Brandy,
" do Otard Dupuy, 1848,
" do Holland Gin,
" do Fine Old Sherry,
" do " " Port Wine,
" do " " Madeira.
Baskets Champagne—Royal Crown.
" " E. Lemaire

For sale by B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

DAILY PROGRESS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 13, 1865.

Terrible Ravages of the Cholera.

The State Department is in receipt of advices from the United States Consul stationed at Palermo, dated August 14th. He speaks of the serious spread of the cholera at Ancona, Italy, where some eight hundred people have died, and isolated cases have happened in other towns of Italy, France and Spain. The local authorities have authorized seven days of quarantine for all arrivals from Italian, French and Spanish ports, including Gibraltar.

The United States Consul stationed at Port Mahon informs the State Department, under date of August 14th, of the arrival at that quarantine of a Turkish steamer which left Alexandria with one thousand eight hundred pilgrims. The steamer, he says, comes with one thousand two hundred and eighty, and reports having left on the way five hundred. Twenty deaths occurred from cholera on the passage.

The captain, on his arrival at Port Mahon, reported all well, but on examination of the steamer, dead bodies were found on board in a sad state of decomposition. The captain's statements are discredited, and the five hundred not accounted for may have died by the same disease. The Consul states that accounts received at that station concur in the opinion that the cholera is making its way westward.

Thus far the cholera has followed the pilgrims, who, he says, are packed like sardines on shipboard. Their religion does not allow them, while passing to and from Mecca to sleep on a bed, to wash, or to eat any warm food. They are covered with filth and vermin, and are spreading disease all over the Mediterranean.

All is Quiet in Northampton.

In a late number of a paper published in this city, which has made itself not only notorious but infamous, by its rebel proclivities and its proposal to pay the rebel war debt of the State, we find a report as follows, relative to Northampton county:—

Within a few days we have seen two gentlemen from Northampton and one from Hertford County, who gave an unqualified denial to the statements of these so-called dispatches of the Associated Press.—The people of Northampton and Hertford, as well as the entire North-Eastern counties, accept cheerfully the policy of President Johnson in the work of reconstruction, and they are hearty in their support of it. They are quiet, loyal, good citizens, determined to make the best of the situation. One of the gentlemen states that there have been fewer instances of misdemeanor in Northampton, except perhaps cases of stealing among the negroes than usual.

To substantiate (?) this statement, we extract the following from the *Standard* regarding affairs in the same locality:—

We learn that John B. Odom, Esq., and Dr. William Barrow, are the Union candidates for the Convention in Northampton, and that they are opposed by William Grant and Capt. J. M. S. Rogers, who appear to be *Confederate* candidates. We trust Messrs. Odom and Barrow may be elected. They are thoroughly devoted to the Union, are gentlemen of high character, and will make excellent members.

We are informed, on good authority, that Capt. Rogers in pursuing a course on the stump calculated to produce disaffection among the people and to retard the work of reconstruction. He denounces Dr. Barrow as "the government candidate—*says the negro is not free*—that he will not be in a hurry to emancipate—says President Lincoln violated the constitution in issuing his proclamation—*says the amnesty oath is a contradiction, and that a man can keep either end of it if he chooses*," &c. He also says that "secession was right, and that the people are not guilty of treason," &c.

When Capt. Rogers took the amnesty oath it was expected he would keep it like an honest man.—By ridiculing that oath publicly he has, in effect, broken it, and subjected himself to be tried for the double crime of perjury and treason. We learn, also, that Capt. Rogers is worth more than twenty thousand dollars. If this is the case, unless he should instantly repent, retract the above language, and take an active part with the Union men in restoring the State to the Union, he may expect soon to see the United States Marshall attaching his property for confiscation. We go further and say, by express authority of Gov. Holden, that if Capt. Rogers, should continue to address the people of Northampton as above stated, he will find himself under arrest. Treasonable language cannot be tolerated for one moment at a crisis like the present. Gov. H. has been liberal, tolerant, and forbearing. He is loth to do anything which may seem harsh, but his purpose is as fixed as fate to allow nothing to be said or done in this State which is calculated seriously to hinder the work of restoration.

These two extracts need no comment from us. They speak for themselves.

President Johnson and Negro Suffrage.

Hon. James Harlan, Secretary of the Interior, has written a letter to Hon. George B. Edmonds, of Iowa, in which he says:

The real question at issue, in a national point of view, is not whether negroes shall be permitted to vote, but whether they shall derive that authority from the National Government or from the State governments respectively.

President Johnson maintains the doctrine that the Constitution of the United States does not confer on the Federal Government the right to interfere primarily with the question of suffrage in any State of the Union; that the question may arise and properly be decided by Congress when Senators and members present themselves for admission to seats in that body, under the clause of the Constitution which makes each House the exclusive judge of the qualifications and elections of members; and that other clause of the Constitution of the United States, which provides that "the United States shall guarantee to every State in the Union a republican form of government." I infer that if any State should adopt a law on the subject of suffrage, which would clearly show the State Government to be other than republican, it would be the duty of Congress to reject applicants for seats, and to adopt whatever legislative remedies would, in their judgment be necessary to carry out the guarantees of the Constitution.

[*From the Augusta Chronicle.*]

Emigration to Brazil.

We have urged upon Georgians, who, dreary and despondent, entertain thoughts of seeking an asylum in foreign lands, to stay at home and aid us in making the best of "the situation." And yet we will not withhold from such as are seriously meditating information, which we find in a New York journal:

OFFICIAL INFORMATION.

The Imperial Government looks with sympathy and interest on American emigration to Brazil, and is resolved to give the most favorable welcome.—Emigrants will find an abundance of fertile land, sugar cane, coffee, tobacco, rice, etc. These lands are situated in the Provinces of Pedrio, Santa Catharina, Parana San Paulo; Espirito Santo, Rio de Janeiro, etc., and each emigrant may select his own lands. As soon as the emigrant has chosen his land it will be measured by the Government, and possession given on payment of the price stipulated.

Unoccupied lands will be sold at the rate of 23, 46, 70 or 90 cents per acre (dollars equal to 1,600 reis,) to be paid before taking possession, or sold for terms of five years, the emigrants paying six per cent interest yearly, and receiving the title of property only after having paid for the land sold.

The laws in force grant many favors to emigrants, such as exemption from import duties on all objects of personal use, implements of trade, and machinery and agricultural implements.

Emigrants will enjoy under the Constitution of the Empire all civil rights and liberties which belong to native born Brazilians.

They will enjoy liberty of conscience in religious matters, will not be persecuted for motives of religion, but they must respect the religion of the State, which is the Catholic.

Emigrants may become naturalized citizens after two years' residence in the empire, and will be exempt from all military duties except the National Guard (militia) in the municipality.

No slaves can be imported into Brazil from any country whatever.

Emigration of agriculturists and mechanics is the most desired in the Empire.

Good engineers are in demand in the Empire.—Some railroads are in construction and others in project, besides many roads to build and rivers to navigate.

Government pays no expense of transportation settlement, &c.

The Government is in no need of persons for the army and navy.

On sale, at the disposal of emigrants, lands of the best qualities, belonging to private persons.

These lands are suitable for the growth of coffee, sugar cane, cotton, tobacco, rice, Indian corn, &c., and may be obtained in every condition, from virgin forests to that in a complete state of cultivation.

These lands are situated along the rivers of Parrahyba, Muriahe and Pemba, the Pedro II. Railroad, and the Union Carriage Road, in the Provinces of Rio de Janeiro and Minas Geraes; along the River Doce, in the Province of Espirito Santo, and on the sea-coast of the Provinces of San Paulo, besides other lands of whose localities I have not received exact information, the price varying from $1.40 to $7 per acre.

(Signed) J. O. CALVAO.

For further details apply at the office of the Official Agency of Colonization, 28 Ciganos street, Rio de Janeiro.

LUIS H. F. DeAGMAR,
Consul-Gen'l of Brazil in U. S.
J. C. GAVAO, Official Agent of the Government.

THE TEST OATH IN MISSOURI.—The period within which clergymen in Missouri were required to take the oath of loyalty expired on Saturday. Three-fourths of the ecclesiastics of St. Louis failed to comply with the constitutional provision, the recusants including the entire clergy of the Catholic and large portions of the Presbyterian, Episcopalian, Baptist, Methodist, South, and other churches. The St. Louis *Republican* of Monday says that services in nearly all the churches of the city were held on Sunday, and adds:

No reference whatever was made to the political questions of the day in any of the churches, the pastors, with entire unanimity of sentiment, concluding that the only dignified and Christian course was to maintain silence in relation to the enforcement of a law which they believed to be hostile to themselves, personally, as well as to the church and to the spirit of Christianity. Of all the clergymen in the city only one-fourth have yet taken the oath. These include Bishop Hawks and Rev. M. Schuyler, of the Episcopal Church; Rev. A. C. George and Rev. Henry Cox, of the Methodist Episcopal Church; Rev. S. J. Nicholls, of the Second Presbyterian Church; Rev. A. A. Kendrick, Rev. J. V. Schofield, Rev. A. C. Osborne, Rev. G. S. Gubelman, of the Baptist Church: Rev. T. H. Post, of the Congregational Church, and Rev. W. G. Eliot, of the Unitarian Church."

It is stated that Governor Fletcher will cause warrants to be issued for the arrest of every clergyman who officiated without taking the oath.

E. J. Moore, Esq., being a candidate in the State Convention, has published his right to know what his opinions and principles are on the leading topics of importance.

Having heard that Maj. W. A. Smith, of Johnston county, had asserted publicly on the streets of Raleigh, that Mr. Moore had taken the side ground in favor of the introduction of negro evidence in the courts, we addressed him a note on the 3rd instant, to which that is a reply:

BOON HILL, JOHNSTON COUNTY, Sept. 7th, 1865.

J. L. Pennington, Esq:

Yours of the 3rd inst., is at hand. You say I am reported as having said publicly on the streets in Raleigh, that B. F. Moore, Esq., of your city, had said in my presence that he was in favor of negro evidence in the Courts. Mr. Moore *did* say in my presence *that he was in favor of negro evidence.*—Not only in my presence, but in the presence of John Pool, of Bertie; Mr. Brooks, of one of the lower counties; and ——, Thompson, of Bertie.

I was not present when Mr. Moore was in conversation with the above gentlemen, but they told me of it next morning at the Yerborough House.

Mr. Moore went further than merely stating he was for negro evidence. He argued with me an hour about it, and finally, I not yielding to his arguments, asked me to postpone making up my mind upon the subject, as he looked upon it as a matter of great importance and no one should make up their minds too soon until the subject was thoroughly investigated in all its bearings.

I have always been and am now a devoted friend of Mr. Moore's, and up to this time a political friend; but I could not and would not vote for any man who at *this time* is in favor of negro evidence.

You can use this as you please.

Very respectfully,
W. A. SMITH.

The fact that Mr. Moore is at the head of the ticket that is trying to beat Messrs. Hood and [illegible]

[illegible] have come to reorganize you!"

That nite I dreamed that somebody laid a boosh-hip over me sev'ril times, and when I woke up I found she had. I haint drunk much of anything since, and if I ever have any reorganizen' job on hand, I will let it out."

A VENERABLE NEGRO.—A late number of the St. Louis *Evening News*, says:

The oldest colored man in the State, reported at the Central Station this morning that he had been robbed of a watch which he had carried for thirty years.—Jones will be 100 years old on the first of January next. He remembers the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown; his master, Col. Simms, who owned seven plantations and 600 slaves, being present at the surrender. Jones has plowed the glebe with Henry Clay in the "Slashes of Hanover." When Aaron Burr was tried at Richmond, he ran away to get a sight at him, and "got one of the most devilish whippings for it," he ever received. When Admiral Cockburn sailed with his fleet up Chesapeake Bay, he sent word to Richmond that he would be there the next day to dine. The chivalry went out to meet him. Jones marched out with Andrew J. Stevenson, who commanded the "foot artillery." William Wirt was Captain of the "flying artillery;" and Robert Gamble of the "troopers." Jones shook hands with Lafayette, and now has lost his watch.

—Gen. Kilpatrick has arrived at his home in New Jersey, and will soon be heard from in a raid against the copperheads of that benighted region.

Office Chief Commissary of Subsistence,
DEPARTMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA,
RALEIGH, N. C., September 5, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS, in duplicate, will be received at this office until 10 o'clock A. M. on Saturday the 30th inst., for the purchase of 776 gallons BOURBON and 4,875 gallons RECTIFIED WHISKY, now in store at New Berne and 666 gallons RECTIFIED WHISKY, now in store at Morehead City.

Bids will be received for the whole or any part (not less than one barrel) of each of the above lots.

The right to reject all bids is reserved.

[illegible]

L. [illegible]

C. [illegible]

[illegible] Selected, Imported and Domestic [illegible]

[illegible] Consisting in part of

BEAVER CLOTHS,
BROADCLOTHS,
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN CASSIMERES,
SILK MIXED CASSIMERES,
TRICOT CASSIMERES,
[illegible]
CASSIMERES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
CORDUROY,
BLACK SILK VELVETS,
GLOVES AND SCARFS,
SHIRTS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
ARMY HATS,
NAVY CAPS,
[illegible]
SUSPENDERS,
HANDKERCHIEFS, [illegible],
LINEN AND PAPER COLLARS,
SHOULDER STRAPS,
MILITARY BUTTONS, AND LACES,
SCARF PINS,
SHOES OF ALL KINDS,
TRUNKS AND VALISES.

MERCHANT TAILORING

Done in the very best style by C. H. PARKER,
Superb Cutter, [illegible]
SUITS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION MADE TO ORDER AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE, and in the most fashionable manner. What you do get goods, my terms, cutter, and you will have it in the quickest possible time.
Raleigh, Aug. 29-tf C. H. PARKER.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

[illegible] A. MARTIN. [illegible] TARWATER.

MARTIN & TARWATER,
[illegible] Sycamore street, PETERSBURG, VA.,
Will give prompt personal attention to the sale of
BACCO, COTTON,
WHEAT, CORN,
FLOUR, BACON, &c.
[illegible] respectfully solicit consignments from their old friends and the public generally.
We also WILL ORDER [illegible] at the most favorable cash terms. aug7-3m

PUBLIN & STINER,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS,
LEATHER AND FINDINGS,
[illegible] Sycamore street, PETERSBURG, VA.
aug21-1m

[illegible] TODD, C. C. PUGH and WM. L. CHAVES, have this day associated themselves together for the purpose of conducting a

General Grocery
AND
COMMISSION BUSINESS,
Under the Firm and style of
TODD, PUGH & CO.,
the Old Stand of BRITTON, TODD & CO.,
20 Sycamore st., PETERSBURG, VA.

[illegible] they will be pleased to see their old friends and the public generally.
They will keep on hand a well selected stock of GROCERIES.
They also solicit consignments of Country Produce and Goods generally. Liberal advances made on all goods sent them on consignment.
From the long experience of our [illegible] B. Todd and C. C. Pugh, we hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage.
BERNARD TODD,
C. C. PUGH,
aug 1m* WM. L. CHAVES.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—One thousand bushels FLAXSEED.
aug18-1m DR. W. E. MILLER.
Standard and Sentinel copy.

JUST RECEIVED,
2 BALES—1000 yards—ALAMANCE PLAIDS,
200 Bunches COTTON YARN.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
aug7 tf Fayetteville Street.

Rags! Rags!!—Two cents a pound will be paid for clean Cotton and Linen Rags, in large or small quantities, at the PROGRESS OFFICE.

GLUE!
GLUE!!
GLUE!!!
FROM 15 to 25 cents per pound. Sold by
C. W. ROSE & CO.,
aug23-tf 28 Cravens street, [illegible]

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
Fayetteville Street, RALEIGH, N. C.
Solicit consignments of COTTON, COTTON YARN, and all kinds of Merchandise and Country Produce.
sep7-tf

CANVAS BAGS, BACON SIDES, &c.
5,000 POUNDS BAGGING SIDES, [illegible]
1,500 " " Ends
1,000 " " Rolls
3 Dozen Choice Brooms, Carpet Handle, extra
3 Dozen Hand, [illegible]
25 bags do do do
25 bales do do do
5,000 pounds Prime Shoulders
1 Case Hats
100 pieces [illegible]
200 " "
1,000 " "
[illegible]

[illegible] PERSONAL NOTICE.
[illegible] of the Board of [illegible]
[illegible] Town or by any [illegible]
[illegible] from to settle [illegible]
[illegible] presses by the [illegible]
T. [illegible]
Treasurer, &c.

NEWS! NEWS!! NEWS!!
NEW YORK DAILIES
RECEIVED EVERY DAY BY EXPRESS
—ALSO—
MAGAZINES
AND
All the Popular Periodical Literature of the Day at
THE RALEIGH NEWS AGENTS DEPOT
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
I. EDWIN WEST.
Agent.
sep 14-tf

G. E. Lougee.
Lougee & Brother,
(Successors to W. J. Lougee, Raleigh, N. C.,)
Dealers in Stoves, Hard and Hollow Ware
and Manufacturers of Copper,
Sheet Iron and
TIN WARE.
WILL KEEP ON HAND EVERYTHING in their line of business, and warrant every article of their make to be of first and unfailing materials.
HOUSE ROOFING AND REPAIRING
executed with fidelity and despatch.
Having thankfully may contain the well-earned reputation of this old and popular establishment, of forty years standing, I respectfully solicit a continuance of that confidence and patronage.
sep 6-3m

WM. H. FINCH,
Forwarding and Commission Agent,
N. C. DEPOT, RALEIGH, N. C.
HIS LONG EXPERIENCE AS A RAILROAD AND Express employe justifies him in believing that he can give satisfaction to patrons.
He will be at the depot on the arrival of all trains, and he solicits consignments of Cotton and Produce of all descriptions.
Goods kept on stores while in transit, and trusty messengers sent with all goods, and every precaution taken against loss of [illegible] by fire.
Country Produce bought and sold, or sold on commission. Goods purchased and orders filled of every description.
Special attention paid to the forwarding of small packages.
Raleigh, Sept. 8th, 1865. 1m.

WASH KETTLES, SAUCEPANS, WASH BASINS.
50 PAIRS WIRE DOGS,
100 Tea Kettles, assorted sizes
10 dozen Wash Irons
10 dozen Sauces
6 dozen Enamelled Preserving Kettles
6 dozen tin Wash Basins
2 dozen Country Scales
In store and for sale by
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
sep2-tf

IN STORE AND FOR SALE,
5 bales Gunny Bagging
20 coils Rolling Rope
10 boxes Glass
10 do do 12X14
2 barrels Linseed Oil
100 kegs Oak Nails, assorted.
20 barrels Family Flour
7 barrels Gin
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
sep2-tf

ADOLPH COHN,
WHOLESALE GROCER
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Goldsboro', N. C.
REFERENCE:
Alsop & Jenkins, Company Shops, N. C.
Wm. S. Mayer, Baltimore, Md.
McDaniel & Irby, Petersburg, Va.
sep 14-3m

SMALL LOT WANTED.
WANTED to purchase in the city of Raleigh, a Small LOT, say one acre, to one half acre, with small house on it, or the location upon which the ground will be sufficient for the purpose intended. Apply at
PROGRESS OFFICE

Bridge-Builders.
[illegible] RAILROAD COMPANY.
[illegible] September 2nd, 1865.
[illegible] FOR BUILDING A [illegible] Raleigh & Gaston [illegible] office until the 15th day [illegible] for a wooden bridge [illegible] also plans for a [illegible] to be furnished by proposers [illegible] to reject any or [illegible] and [illegible] will be all [illegible] to be carried [illegible]
R. W. LASSITER,
[illegible] Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Co.
[illegible] Henry, Greensboro' [illegible] Petersburg, Jackson and Roanoke [illegible] day of September, and

DAILY PROGRESS.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 13, 1865.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS FOR THE PROGRESS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to act as agents for the Progress in their several localities; and they will receive and transmit subscriptions and advertisements at our published rates:

Yeatal & Joy, "Times" office, Newbern, N. C.
J. S. Whitaker, Goldsboro', N. C.
T. S. Whitaker, Wilmington, N. C.
Moses A. Smith, Salisbury.
E. L. Brown, New Hill, Wake county, N. C.
S. M. Pettengill & Co., 37 Park Row, New York City, and 10 State street, Boston, Mass.

Other agents will be announced as soon as the arrangements can be made.

Where there are no agents persons can send money by mail. No paper sent until the subscription is paid.

BURYING THE DEAD.

[From the Evening Post.]

Come boys, let us bury our dead together,
Let us bury our dead together;
The battle-fields' clear and the battles are over,
And it's beautiful sunshiny weather.

Together they fell, like brothers asleep;
Together, like brothers asleep;
You can hardly distinguish the blue from the gray
In this bloody, immovable heap.

Look! here is a "Yankee" and here is a "reb,"
With their hands closed clasped in each others!
Tho' as foemen they fought, it is certain in death
They thought of each other as brothers.

And here is a "Yankee" and here is a "reb,"
And between them a can of stale water,
As if one had been giving the other a drink,
In the midst of the terrible slaughter!

Ah! war is a wonderful leveller, boys,
No matter who's who, death outflanked him,
And now, you poor fellow with head in the ditch
Is as good as the man that outranked him.

And war is a wonderful thing, anyway,
And a curious method of righting
A wrong—to make peaceable fellows like us
Settle questions of state by hard fighting.

But that's the way all the world over, my boys,
Yes, that's the way all the world over;
So let us be lambs—now the wolf is well gorged—
And go back to the fields and the clover.

Ah, never mind, now, if you fought right or wrong,
Thank God we are once more together;
One country between us, and one flag above
Floating free in this sunshiny weather!

So, boys, let us bury our dead together,
Let us bury our dead together,
And with them, we'll bury unkindness and strife
And be friends now, 'tis sunshiny weather.

T.

The European Capitalists.

We extract the following article from the *Herald* relative to the great capitalists, from Europe, lately arrived in New York:

SIR S. MORTON, PETO, BARONET, M. P.

This gentleman is at the head of the enterprise which was mentioned in the *Herald* yesterday—namely, the examination of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad, and the construction of the new bridge to be built over the Niagara river, above the Falls. He is member of Parliament elect for Bristol, and the Chairman of the London Board of Directors of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad. Sir Morton is now the greatest railroad man in England—the mantle of Hudson, formerly known as the Railway King, having fallen on his shoulders. If Hudson may be considered the founder of the dynasty by which the railroad system of England was inaugurated, with equal justice may Sir S. Morton Peto be considered the man who has brought that system to its present state in its progress towards perfection. Some idea may be conceived of the magnitude of his operations when it is stated that he controls the employment of one hundred thousand men, on railroads having their ramifications not only in England and this country, but in Austria, Russia, Italy, New Zealand, Australia and Peru, not to mention the newly constructed underground railroads of London. In Austria alone he employs no fewer than eight thousand men; while his entire army of employees numbers more than the fighting army of Great Britain.

HON. A. KINNIARD.

Mr. Kinnaird will represent the town of Perth, Scotland, in the ensuing Parliament. He is also a member of the great banking house of Ransom, Bouverie & Co., London. In politics he belongs to what is designated as the pious party, under the leadership of the Earl of Shaftsbury.

SENOR LEON SILLO.

He is the Parisian banker of the Spanish government.

MR. GODDARD,

Manager of the Rock Life Insurance Company, London, and said to be one of the wealthiest men of that city of rich men.

MR. SATTERTHWAITE,

the well known great London broker, whose circular is so familiar in mercantile circles. His operations are principally in American securities.

MR. FORBES,

general manager of the London, Chatham and Dover Railroad. This is one of the heaviest lines in England.

MR. KENDALL,

manufacturer at Rochdale. He turns out from his factories one-eighth of all the flannel manufactured in England.

DR. BLACK,

physician to Sir S. Morton Peto, and, it may be said, of the entire party.

MR. MORTON PETO,

son of Sir S. Morton Peto.

MR. MORTON BETTS,

nephew of Sir S. Morton Peto.

MR. BEVAN,

banker, of the great firm of Barclay, Bevan & Co. Lombard street, London.

MR. T. W. KINNAIRD,

a son of the Hon. A. Kinnaird, M. P.

MR. COSSHAM,

great coal mine proprietor. He has five thousand hands in his employ.

THE REST OF THE PARTY.

They consist of Messrs. Belcher, merchant of Liverpool; Rixon, banker, Liverpool; Hull, solicitor, Liverpool; Grain, notary, London; Spiller, solicitor; Woodman, secretary to Sir S. Morton Peto; Woods, of the London Times; McDermott, of the Morning Post; and Howitt, of the Morning Star.

MR. JAMES M'HENRY.

This gentleman, who is the life and soul of the whole party—in fact, the origin of the trip—is a native of Philadelphia, and son of Dr. McHenry, of literary fame. Mr. McHenry enjoys the reputation of being one of the merchant princes of England. During the financial panic of 1857 he went in the general wreck but contrived to pay all debts. One of these amounting to the sum of £20,000, he actually paid twice over, through some trick of law. He then quitted Liverpool, where he had been doing business, for London, with no money, but with that which is better—a sterling character. In the autumn of 1858 he entered with alacrity into the building of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad, which was then in embryo, raising in time or three years the enormous sum of £2,000,000, which enabled him to build the [illegible] in the Atlantic States, seven hundred and [illegible] miles in length, and connecting the Erie Railroad with the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad. In this great undertaking Mr. McHenry was most energetically and ably aided by Mr. T. W. Kinnaird, one of the first civil engineers in England. Mr. McHenry is one of the finest models of American character; energetic, bold and indefatigable, with a keen sense of commercial honor, as his entire career shows. His judgement and courage were eminently displayed in London during the late war, in his emphatic assurances of the success of the Union, and [illegible] to the Americans in England held in higher repute; a proof of this is the extraordinary assemblage of remarkable men he has brought over to take a financial view of the country. These gentlemen may be said to carry both the breeches pocket and the bodice of England. Possessing as they do the power of the purse, their influence cannot fail of being felt, not only in the commercial world, but in the government of the country of which they are citizens. Such men, having large capital in this country, will have an interest in preserving peace between us and Great Britain; and they will have the power to avert war, while their evident desire to invest more largely in railroads on this side of the Atlantic evinces the security they feel in the stability of the Union.

THEIR ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE.

On Tuesday night the entire party visited the Park by moonlight. On Wednesday they scattered themselves in every direction over the city, and had a good view of the many objects of interest with which it abounds, winding up with a grand banquet at the Clarendon Hotel, to which several American celebrities were invited. Yesterday the entire party, with some invited guests, started on their proposed excursion, showing how ready they were to go to work, after a brief holiday of a day and a half. Among the guests were R. J. Walker, Esq., who owns $400,000 in Atlantic and Great Western stock, and H. Wikoff, Esq. They embarked on a special train of three cars, under the immediate direction of T. W. Kinnaird, Esq., chief engineer of the company.

THE PARTY ON THE TOUR OF OBSERVATION.

TURNER'S, Sept. 7, 1865.

The English party arrived at Turner's at five o'clock this afternoon, numbering about forty, including, besides those announced in the Herald this morning, the Hon. R. J. Walker, Capt. Judkins, of the Scotia: the President and Directors of the Civil road, the President of the Ohio and Mississippi road, Judge Church, Samuel Marsh, a gentleman of the Atlantic and Great Western; the Hon. T. W. Kinnaird, Superintendent of the Atlantic and Great Western; Wm. G. Hamilton, and members of the London and New York press. All dined sumptuously at Turner's. The party are in high spirits.

CONVENTION CANDIDATES.

We are authorized and requested to announce Mr. PATRICK McGOWAN as a candidate for the office of Principal Doorkeeper of the ensuing Convention.
sept1-td

Peyton P. Williams, of Wake, announces himself a candidate for the office of Assistant Doorkeeper of the ensuing Convention. aug30-td*

John H. Hill, of Randolph, announces himself a candidate for Assistant Doorkeeper of the ensuing Convention. aug24-td
Daily Standard copy till day.

We are authorized to announce W. H. HOOD, Esq., as a candidate in the county of Wake, for the State Convention—subject to the action of a county convention, should one be called. aug11-td

We are authorized to announce JOHN L. PENNINGTON, of Wake, as a candidate for the State Convention—subject to a county convention, should one be called. aug11-td

To the Members of the Approaching Convention.—I shall be a candidate for the Principal Clerkship of the N. C. State Convention which meets in Raleigh on the 2d day of October next.
au g18-td* Respectfully, JAS. H. MOORE.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE!

The Original and Best in the World! The only true and perfect Hair Dye. Harmless, Reliable and Instantaneous. Produces immediately a splended Black or natural Brown, without injuring the hair or skin. Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes. Sold by all Druggists. The genuine is signed William A. Batchelor. Also,
REGENERATING EXTRACT OF MILLEFLEURS,
for Restoring and Beautifying the Hair.
aug14-1y CHARLES BATCHELOR, New York.

COLGATE & CO.

Beg to inform their customers that they still continue the manufacture of their various styles of Family and Toilet Soaps, Starch, and Candles.
COLGATE & CO.,
y31-3m Nos. 53 & 55 John St., New York.

HILLSBORO' N. C. MILITARY ACADEMY.

THE EIGHTH ACADEMIC YEAR OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on MONDAY, the 2d day of October, 1865.

Excepting the Military feature, the general plan of the Academy, discipline, course of study, &c., will be as heretofore.

TERMS: One hundred and five (105) for the first three months of the term, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE. This charge will cover all expense for board, fuel, lights, washing, tuition, use of text books and medical attendance. Each student must furnish clothing for a single bed. Circulars furnished on application to J. B. WHITE.
Superintendent H. M. A.
Late Sup't of S. C. Military Academy.
September 65.—120—1m.

Sentinel, Progress, Charlotte Democrat, Dispatch and Herald, Wilmington, Petersburg Express copy twice a week for 4 weeks, and send bills to "Standard" office.

NOTICE.

PERSONS holding claims against the Insane Asylum, are earnestly requested to present them to the undersigned immediately,
ED. A FISHER.
Sept 7—dtw. Phy's. and Superintendent.

TO PRINTERS.

A FIRST-RATE NO. 3 WASHINGTON HAND Press for sale, nearly as good as new. Price $100. The price for a new one is $300. Will be sold as above if applied for immediately. Apply to
J. L. PENNINGTON,
Sept. 2-tf. Progress Office.

WOOD, WOOD, WOOD.

WE will pay the highest price for 100 cords Pine Wood, 50 cords Oak or Hickory, to be delivered here within the next thirty days.
sept9-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

A FINE NEW BAGATELLE FOR SALE.

ALSO A BAR ROOM COUNTER, ALL IN GOOD order. Enquire at the
aug 12-tf PROGRESS OFFICE.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having accounts against the N. C. Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind, will please present them to me immediately.
W. J. PALMER,
sept11-1w Principal.

SHINGLES! SHINGLES!

WANTED to purchase 15,000 to 20,000 good Shingles pine or cypress. Apply to
sept1-tf J. L. PENNINGTON.

NEWBERN ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. E. AMYETT,
SOUTH FRONT STREET,
NEWBERN, N. C.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
FAMILY GROCERIES, DOMESTICS, HARD, CROCK, CUTLERY, CROCKERY, LIQUORS, &c.

I am receiving the above articles fresh by Steamers from New York and Baltimore.

GIVE ME A CALL.
jy 14-3m

LEOPOLD BAER,
MIDDLE STREET,
(BETWEEN POLLOK AND BROAD,)
NEWBERN, N. C.,
Keeps constantly on hand one of the largest stocks of
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, GROCERIES, &c., at
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
to be found in North Carolina.

He has just moved to his large and commodious
NEW STORE,
where his immense stock can be displayed to advantage; and he invites his old customers and the public to give him a call. jy 14-3m

C. W. ROSE & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
WINES, LIQUORS, TEAS, COFFEE, SUGAR, ASSORTED GROCERIES, FISH AND PROVISIONS,
CRAVEN STREET,
(BETWEEN SOUTH FRONT AND POLLOK,)
Newbern, N. C.

Merchants and Traders sending orders to be shipped by express, will have them promptly filled at a slight advance on New York prices. jy-17-3m

HOUGH & CO.,
(Late W. C. Hamilton & Co.,)
Corner South Front and Middle Streets,
Newbern, N. C.
WHOLESALE
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, CROCKERY, FURNITURE AND HARDWARE.
jy 14-6m

Leland, Biglow & Co.,
COMMISSION
—AND—
FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
—AND—
Cotton Factors,
AND DEALERS IN
BAGGING, ROPE, TWINE
AND OTHER GOODS SUITABLE FOR
COTTON PLANTERS,
POLLOK STREET,
(Near East Front St.,)
NEWBERN, N. C.
jy 14-tf

Borland, Biglow & Co.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
BAGS & BAGGING,
NO. 7 BEAVER STREET,
NEW YORK.
—:o:—
Liberal CASH ADVANCES made on consignments of COTTON, NAVAL STORES and other MERCHANDISE to the above House, by
LELAND, BIGLOW & CO.,
POLLOCK ST., NEAR EAST FRONT ST.,
NEWBERN, N. C.
jy 14-tf

NOTICE TO COTTON PLANTERS.
NEWBERN STEAM
COTTON GIN COMPANY.

THIS COMPANY HAVING MADE LARGE ADDITIONS to their works and erected large Warehouses, are prepared to Gin, Press, Sale and Store Cotton on very favorable terms the coming season, and would call the attention of cotton growers to the fact that in consequence of the low price of cotton, our prices will be greatly reduced from those of last season, and they will find it for their interest to give us a call. We would respectfully solicit their patronage.
LELAND, BIGLOW & CO.,
Corner Pollock and East Front Sts.,
jy 14-tf Newbern, N. C.

D. T. CARRAWAY,
WITH
Hart & Lewis,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE, HARDWARE, Holloware, Crockery and Glassware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Cooking Stoves, Lamps, Kerosene Oil, &c.,
44 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
jo 24-3m

H. J. MENNINGER,
WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,
CORNER OF POLLOK AND MIDDLE STS.,
NEWBERN, N. C.
(The old stand of J. Gooding and I. Disosway.)
jy 14-3m

NEWBERN ADVERTISEMENTS.

PEOPLES' LINE STEAMERS.
(Carrying the U. S. mail.)
THE ROYAL MAIL ROUTE NOW FOR
PORTSMOUTH,
NORFOLK,
BALTIMORE,
WASHINGTON,
PHILADELPHIA,
AND NEW YORK.
THE STEAMERS

WASHINGTON IRVING,	Captain	Wm. H. Travis.
ROCKLAND,	"	James Foor.
GAZELLE,	"	Wm. Harris.
NEW BOAT,	"	[illegible] Reaves.

One of the above steamers will leave the GASKILL WHARF, Newbern, N. C., every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 o'clock, P. M. Returning, will leave PORTSMOUTH Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, on the arrival of the boats from Baltimore.

FARE:

From New Berne to Norfolk,		$10 00
" " " " Richmond,		12 50
" " " " Baltimore,		15 00
" " " " Philadelphia,		20 00
" " " " New York,		24 00

Passengers by this route can reach New York in forty hours from New Berne, avoiding all sea dangers.

For freight or passage apply at the office at HULIFSON'S Store, corner of South Front and Middle streets.

Government transportation received on this line.
aug14-tf GEORGE OLNEY, Proprietor.

Sept 6-1m No. 25, Queen St., New Bern, N. C.

1865
Mammoth Boot,
SIGN OF THE
Nason & Stayner,
Direct from the Manufacturers.
Are just opening a Stock of
BOOTS & SHOES,
Brogan, Heeling, and Shoe-Laces in quantities to suit Country Merchants and Dealers are invited to call and examine the stock.
Sign of the Mammoth Boot,
1865
NASON & STAYNER.

Hulbert & McLean,
Have removed to the well known
EMMET CUTHBERT STORE,
Corner of Pollock and Middle Sts.,
NEW BERN, N. C.,
And have opened a very large and fresh stock of
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
AND
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Which they will sell at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, at
REASONABLE PRICES!

WE also are prepared to receive Consignments of
COTTON and OTHER PRODUCTS,
Make liberal advancements upon the same and ship to the New York market.

The highest market price and prompt returns guaranteed in all cases.

REMEMBER THE PLACE!
Hulbert & McLean,
At the large Brick Store,
Corner of Pollock and Middle Streets.
New Bern, Aug. 3, 1865-3m

WILEY F. HIGGINS,
Having resumed his old business of the
Dry Goods Trade,
Would be pleased to see his friends at HULBERT & McLEAN'S, at the Emmet Cuthbert Store,
Cor. Pollock and Middle Sts., NEW BERN.
aug3 3m

HUGHES & DILL,
Commission & Shipping Merchants,
Newbern, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES and Tobacco, will have our prompt attention.
Agents for Murray's line of Steamships to New York, and sailing vessels for Baltimore and Philadelphia.
T. J. Hughes, Newbern. G. W. Dill, Morehead City.
jy 8-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALES.
MACPHERSON & DONALD SMITH,
(Late styled Smith & Brother,)
New York.
BREWERS OF
EAST INDIA AND BITTER PALE ALES,
FOR CITY AND SOUTHERN USE.

These ales are of improved quality, brewed with great care, pleasant, nutritive and strengthening, and can be relied on for purity.
Brewery, West 45th st., between 7th and 8th ave.
jy 14 2m

CALL AND GET ONE OF
RICHARDSON'S GOLD CIRCULARS
GIVING THE PRICE OF GOLD
EVERY DAY DURING THE WAR.

If you owe any person—GET ONE.
If any person owes you—GET ONE.

Mailed to any part of the State on receipt of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. Address
W. E. RICHARDSON,
jy 13-tf Raleigh, N. C.

COTTON, COTTON, COTTON.

WANTED TO BUY, for Factory use, 50 to 100 bales good COTTON. It will be to the interest of parties holding Cotton to call on the undersigned.
W. H. & R. R. [illegible]
aug14-tf

CASTINGS.

The subscribers are prepared to furnish the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Company with Castings, Gearing, &c., at any time when the Patterns are furnished at their shops.
ALBERT JOHNSON,
aug22-tf Gen'l Sup't.
Standard and Sentinel copy till forbid.

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT
FOR THE SALE OF
COTTON, TOBACCO, COTTON YARNS CLOTH, AND NAVAL STORES.

Freight and Taxes arranged and Insurance effected by Railroad and Sea to New York.

R. F. Williamson & Co., Raleigh, will furnish information concerning Taxes, Shipments, &c., for consignments to the above parties.

REFER TO
New York—President Atlantic Bank, Fenner, Blanchett & Bowman, John McKellop, W. J. Barney & Co.
Raleigh—Dr. W. J. Hawkins, President Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, Battle, Heck & Co., J. M. Heck, Esq., R. F. Williamson & Co.
jy 12-3m

*** Standard and Record copy. [4 squares.]

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865.
The Great Invention of the Age in
Hoop Skirts.
J. W. BRADLEY'S NEW PATENT DUPLEX ELLIPTIC, (OR DOUBLE) SPRING SKIRT.

THIS INVENTION CONSISTS OF DUPLEX (OR two) Elliptic Pure Refined Steel Springs, ingeniously braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible, elastic and durable Spring ever used. They seldom break or break, like the Single Springs, and consequently preserve their perfect and beautiful shape more than twice as long as any Single Spring Skirt that ever has or can be made.

The wonderful flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to any Lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm-Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded when in use to occupy a small place as easily and conveniently as a Silk or Muslin Dress.

A Lady having Enjoyed the Pleasure, Comfort and Great Convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt for a single day will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses and Young Ladies they are superior to all others.

The Hoops are covered with 2 ply double twisted thread and will wear twice as long as the Single yarn covering which is used on all single Steel Hoop Skirts. The three bottom rods on every Skirt are also Double Steel, and twice or double covered to prevent the covering from wearing off the rods when dragging down stairs, stone steps, &c., &c., which they are constantly subject to when in use.

All are made of the new and elegant Corded Tapes, and are the best quality in every part, giving to the wearer the most graceful and perfect shape possible, and are unquestionably the lightest, most desirable, comfortable and economical Skirt ever made.

WEST'S, BRADLEY & CARY, (late J. I. & J. O. West,) Proprietors of the Invention, and sole manufacturers, 97 Chambers and 79 & 81 Reade Streets, New York.

For sale in all first-class stores in this City, and throughout the United States and Canada, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America and the West Indies.

Inquire for the Duplex Elliptic (or double) Spring Skirt. May 10-tf

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL & CO.,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
TOBACCO, RAW COTTON, COTTON YARNS, CLOTHS, AND NAVAL STORES,
79 Pearl Street, New York.
Orders Solicited for the Purchase of Goods.
Ros't E. Swepson, New York City.
Sam'l G. Murphy, New York City.
Cyrus P. Mendenhall, President Farmer's Bank, Greensboro', N. C.
Thomas J. Shemwell, Company's Shops, N. C.
Dan'l Worth, Company Shops, N. C.
Geo. W. Swepson, Haw River P. O., N. C.

*** Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.
Je 27-6m

READ BROTHERS & CO.,
STRAW GOODS, HATS, CAPS, Etc.
—:o:—
380 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK,
W. B. SYMMES.
June 1-6m*

LOUIS FENONE,
FRESCOE AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
Has located in Raleigh, and offers his services to the public.
GRAINING AND EGYPTIAN MARBLING.
GILDING, LETTERING, &c.,
Done in the best style.
Orders for work solicited. May be seen at Exchange Hotel. aug31-3w

AGENTS WANTED
FOR
The Secret Service, the Field, the Dungeon, and the Escape.
BY ALBERT D. RICHARDSON,
N. Y. Tribune Correspondent.
1,000 COPIES SELLING PER DAY!

The most interesting and exciting book ever published embracing Mr. Richardson's unparalleled experience for four years. Travelling through the South in the secret service of the "Tribune" at the outbreak of the war, with our armies and fleets, both East and West, during the first two years of the Rebellion; his thrilling capture; his confinement for twenty months in seven different rebel prisons; his escape and almost miraculous journey by night of nearly 600 miles. It will abound in stirring events, and contain more of the fact, incident and romance of the war, than any other work yet published. Horace Greely says of it:

"A great many books will yet be written concerning this war, in addition to the many already in print; but not one of them will give, within a similar compass, a clearer, fuller, more readable account, entirely from personal observation, of the nature, animus, purposes, combination, and instrumentalities of the slaveholders' rebellion, than does the unpretending narrative of Mr. Richardson."

Teachers, ladies, energetic young men, and especially returned and disabled officers and soldiers, in want of profitable employment, will find it particularly adapted to their condition. Send for circulars. Address
AMERICAN PUBLISHING COMPANY,
Hartford, Conn.
Swepson & Evans, Agents. sept9-4t

Dental Notice.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country that he has opened an office over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store, where he will be pleased to wait upon all who may favor him with their patronage. Particular attention paid to the preservation of the natural teeth. Artificial Teeth inserted on the most approved principles of practice.
aug16-3m* J. E. CRAWFORD

The Severe Drought in New England—Nothing Like it for Ten Years.

[From the Boston Traveller 6th.]

We have not had so severe a drought in this section since 1864. The springs are not so low as they were in that year because until last year we have had a long series of wet years, which have not felt the drought at all, but may show its effets next year should that be a year of drought. The grass in the pastures has not suffered so much as in 1854, because they were more heavily sodded in the early part of the season.

After the draught of 1854 we had a succession of wet years, and the average rain fall has since been considerably greater than for thirty years previous. It would not be wonderful if we are now to have a a series of years in which the quantity of rain will be less than for the last ten, although its distribution through the season may be such that it will will produce no diminution.

We have had in this part of the country the present year a greater crop of hay than in any year for a quarter of a century owing to the rains and warm weather of May and June, and the favorable weather for securing the crop in July. All late crops will be very light, and of apples such a scarcity has never been known within the memory of the oldest inhabitants. Orchards which usually produce several hundred barrels, will not furnish enough to supply the family at the homestead.

[From the Boston Journal.]

The leaves are shriveling and turning brown, the grass and the flowers are drying up, the soil is as ashes. People are wondering what is to become of them, if things are to go on in this way much longer. It is little consolation to be told that the harvest of Great Britain are suffering from wet, and that the West has had the rainiest season known for years. These things may show that the full average of moisture has fallen upon the earth, only we have not had our share; 'but there's the rub.' We must be patient and hopeful that the balance, not out of due time, will be redressed, and those languishing fields and gardens will yet be blessed with a fair return.

INTENSE SUFFERING OF SHIPWRECKED SEAMEN.—The wreck of the English ship Sam Dunning, from Rangoon for Liverpool, is reported in our despatches. She sunk March 19, the day after leaving Rangoon during a severe gail. Only six of the crew of thirty-one men escaped a watery grave. From the statement of James Baines, of Boston, Mass., one of the crew, it appears that the Captain delayed too long in cutting away the masts of his vessel; otherwise it is possible she might have been saved. The survivors were saved by clinging to the poop deck, but they were not rescued from their dangerous position until the 14th of April, nearly a month after the disaster occurred. When picked up by the ship Chariot of Fame, they were in a most wretched condition, and nigh dead from hunger, thirst and exposure to the elements, being drenched to the skin by the waves, which every moment dashed over their frail support. Their hands and feet were inflamed and swollen to an enormous size with the action of the sun and salt water. They were got on board as soon as possible, and one of them, as soon as lifted over the rail, ejaculated, "Thank God, you have saved our lives," and immediately fainted away.—Everything that could be thought of to relieve them was done with all speed, and in a few hours they had so far recovered as to be able to relate their sad story.

ONE OF THE STATES.—"Bob, where's the State of Matrimony?"

"It's one of the *United* States. It is bounded by hugging and kissing on one side, and cradles and babies on the other. Its chief products are population, broomsticks and staying out late o'night. It was discovered by Adam and Eve, while trying to find a northwest passage out of paradise. The climate is sultry till you pass the tropics of housekeeping, when squally weather commonly sets in with such power as to keep all hands as cool as cucumbers. For the principal roads leading in this interesting State, consult the first pair of blue eyes you run against.

HENRY S. FOOTE.—The Cincinnati *Inquirer* says:

As we suspected, this gentleman's letter in favor of negro suffrage was the price of his pardon. The "irrepressible" old man has been permitted by the Government to return home from Canada, and passed through this city yesterday on his way to Memphis. There is a condition annexed to the pardon, which all who know Foote consider the severest kind of punishment for him. He is to keep his mouth shut upon political matters in future. This, to so great a talker, will be almost intolerable.

As Mr. Charles Chase, of Salem, Mass., was walking up Lafayette street on Monday eveing he saw a man lying on the side-walk apparently intoxicated. He assisted him to his feet, and at his request walked along with him until they reached a secluded place, when the man turned upon Mr. Chase, knocked him down and robbed him of a gold watch and a pocket book containing about $80. He then fled, his intoxication being a mere sham.

Ketchum, the elder, in his letter announcing to his financial customers the forgeries of Ketchum the younger, insists that his son must have been insane when he perpetrated the forgeries which entailed the bankruptcy on "the house." Wonder if old Ketchum would have regarded a hungry beggar, detected in his larder stealing a mouthful to eat, as insane? Doubtful. In that case the millionaire could only have seen the necessity of punishing thieving.

We have heard of a fellow who let a man drown before his eyes because it would wet his clothes if he pulled him out. He has found his match in a man on the burning steamer Glasgow, on the Atlantic, who refused to carry water to put out the fire unless as some one would guarantee to pay him.

Three years ago a young lady in Nassau knitted a pair of drawers for a Soldiers' Fair, and in them closed her address. The soldier who drew the drawers corresponded with her, afterwards visited her, and now the loving hearts are one. Pretty, isn't., and romantic.

A ferocious lioness escaped from her cage in the Antwerp Zoological Gardens, and frightened the visitors for about a quarter of an hour. Finally, a keeper made her cubs squall, and when she hurried back to the cage to see them, fastened her in securely.

Major General Daniel E. Sickles has consented to deliver the opening address before the members of the New York American Institute, at the approaching exhibition.

Smoking has become so extensive among English sailors that the authorities have entirely forbidden it except on Thursday and Sunday afternoon.

"Blessed is the man that maketh a short speech; he will be invited to come again."

A Proclamation,

BY WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

Provisional Governor,

TO THE PEOPLE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

In pursuance of power vested in me by ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States, by his Proclamation of May 29th, 1865, appointing a Provisional Governor of North Carolina, under the fourth article of the Constitution of the United States, which guarantees to every State in the Union a republican form of government; and in order to enable the loyal people of said State to organize a State Government, whereby justice may be established, domestic tranquility restored, and loyal citizens protected in all their rights of life, liberty, and property; and in order, also, that said State may be restored to its Constitutional relations to the Federal government, by presenting such a republican form of government as will entitle the State to the guarantee of the United States therefor, and its people to protection by the United States against invasion, insurrection and domestic violence, I, WILLIAM W. HOLDEN, Provisional Governor as aforesaid, do hereby proclaim that an election will be held in said State, on Thursday, the 21st day of September, 1865, for a Convention, to be composed of one hundred and twenty delegates, to be chosen as follows:

The county of Alamance will choose two members.
The county of Alexander will choose one member.
The counties of Ashe and Alleghany will choose one member.
The county of Anson will choose two members.
The county of Beaufort will choose two members.
The county of Bertie will choose two members.
The county of Bladen will choose one member.
The county of Brunswick will choose one member.
The county of Buncombe will choose one member.
The county of Burke will choose one member.
The county of Cabarrus will choose one member.
The county of Caldwell will choose one member.
The county of Camden will choose one member.
The county of Carteret will choose one member.
The county of Caswell will choose two members.
The county of Catawba will choose one member.
The county of Chatham will choose three members.
The counties of Cherokee and Clay will choose one member.
The county of Chowan will choose one member.
The county of Cleaveland will choose two members.
The county of Columbus will choose one member.
The county of Craven will choose two members.
The counties of Cumberland and Harnett will choose three members.
The county of Currituck will choose one member.
The county of Davidson will choose two members.
The county of Davie will choose one member.
The county of Duplin will choose two members.
The counties of Edgecombe and Wilson will choose two members.
The county of Forsyth will choose two members.
The county of Franklin will choose one member.
The county of Gaston will choose one member.
The county of Gates will choose one member.
The county of Granville will choose three members.
The county of Greene will choose one member.
The county of Guilford will choose three members.
The county of Halifax will choose two members.
The county of Haywood will choose one member.
The counties of Henderson and Transylvania will choose one member.
The county of Hertford will choose one member.
The county of Hyde will choose one member.
The county of Iredell will choose two members.
The county of Jackson will choose one member.
The county of Johnston will choose two members.
The county of Jones will choose one member.
The county of Lenoir will choose one member.
The county of Lincoln will choose one member.
The county of Macon will choose one member.
The county of Madison will choose one member.
The county of Martin will choose one member.
The county of McDowell will choose one member.
The county of Mecklenburg will choose two members.
The county of Montgomery will choose one member.
The county of Moore will choose one member.
The county of Nash will choose one member.
The county of New Hanover will choose two members.
The county of Northampton will choose two members.
The county of Onslow will choose one member.
The county of Orange will choose two members.
The county of Pasquotank will choose one member.
The county of Perquimans will choose one member.
The county of Person will choose one member.
The county of Pitt will choose two members.
The county of Randolph will choose two members.
The county of Richmond will choose one member.
The county of Robeson will choose two members.
The county of Rockingham will choose two members.
The county of Rowan will choose two members.
The counties of Rutherford and Polk will choose two members.
The counties of Sampson will choose two members.
The county of Stanly will choose one member.
The county of Stokes will choose one member.
The county of Surry will choose one member.
The county of Tyrrell will choose one member.
The county of Union will choose one member.
The county of Wake will choose three members.
The county of Warren will choose two members.
The county of Washington will choose one member.
The county of Watauga will choose one member.
The county of Wayne will choose two members.
The county of Wilkes will choose two members.
The county of Yadkin will choose one member.
The counties of Yancey and Mitchell will choose one member.

The Clerks and Sheriffs of the respective counties will proceed at once to assemble the Justices of the Peace, a majority of whom will select from their number not less than six nor more than eighteen Justices, men of intelligence, discretion firmness, and approved loyalty, whose duty it shall be to administer to those who may be entitled to receive it, the oath contained in the President's Amnesty Proclamation of May 29th, 1865, under such instruction as may be prescribed in this Proclamation. The Justices shall, at the same time, appoint Inspectors of the elections at the various precincts in their respective counties, in accordance with the law in relation thereto, Chapter 52, Revised Code of North Carolina. The elections for members of the Convention shall be conducted in the same manner as elections for members of the House of Commons, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 52, Revised Code, so far as said provisions may be applicable; and the officers appointed to hold said elections, and to make returns thereof, shall be liable to the same penalties for failure to act, or for neglect of duty, as are prescribed in chapter 52, Revised Code.

No person will be allowed to vote who is not a voter qualified as prescribed by the Constitution and laws of the State, in force immediately before the 20th day of May, 1861; except that the payment of a poll tax shall not be required.

All paroled soldiers of the army and navy of the pretended Confederate States, or of this State, and all paroled officers of the army and navy of the pretended Confederate States, or of this State, under and including the rank of Colonel, if of the army, and under and including the rank of Lieutenant, if of the navy, will be allowed to vote, provided they are not included in any of the fourteen excluded classes of the President's Amnesty Proclamation; and, provided further, that they are citizens of the State in accordance with the terms prescribed in the preceding paragraph.

No person will be allowed to vote who does not exhibit to the inspectors a copy of the Amnesty Oath, as contained in the President's Proclamation of May 29th, 1865, signed by himself and certified by at least two Justices of the Peace.

Printed Copies of the Amnesty Oath will be furnished to the Clerks, who will distribute them to the Justices appointed to administer the oath. The Justices will deliver the certified copy to the person taking the oath and retain the original to be transmitted to this office.

Justices of the Peace are authorized to administer the Amnesty Oath to persons who may desire to apply to the President for a pardon.

The Sheriffs of the respective counties shall furnish as soon as practicable, certificates of election to those persons who may have received the highest number of votes as members of the Convention; and the Sheriffs shall also immediately send to the office of the Secretary of State, Raleigh, a statement of the vote in their respective Counties for the members aforesaid, and also a statement of the said vote, sealed up, directed to the President of the Convention, Raleigh, to be laid before the Convention.

The members of the Convention thus chosen, will assemble in the city of Raleigh, on Monday, the second day of October, 1865.

The attention of Justices appointed to administer the Amnesty Oath, is especially directed to the following fourteen excluded classes of the President's Amnesty Proclamation of May 29th, 1865:

First—All who are, or shall have been, pretended civil or diplomatic officers, or otherwise, domestic or foreign agents of the pretended Confederate government.

Second—All who left judicial stations under the United States to aid the rebellion.

Third—All who shall have been military or naval officers of said pretended Confederate government, above the rank of Colonel in the army or Lieutenant in the navy.

Fourth—All who left seats in the Congress of the United States to aid the rebellion.

Fifth—All who resigned or tendered resignations of their commissions in the army or navy of the United States to evade duty in resisting the rebellion.

Sixth—All who have treated colored persons otherwise than as slaves, for the purpose of aiding the rebellion, or who have incited insurrection, violence, or any war against the United States, or who have left the country to evade duty.

Seventh—All persons who have been educated by the government in the Military Academy at West Point, or the United States Naval Academy.

Eighth—All persons who held the pretended offices of Governors of States in insurrection against the United States.

Ninth—All persons who left their homes within the jurisdiction and protection of the United States and passed beyond the federal military lines into the pretended Confederate States for the purpose of aiding the rebellion.

Tenth—All persons who have been engaged in the destruction of the commerce of the United States upon the high seas, and persons who have made raids into the United States from Canada, or been engaged in destroying the commerce of the United States upon the lakes and rivers that separate the British provinces from the United States.

Eleventh—All persons who, at the time when they seek to obtain the benefits hereof by taking the oath hereby prescribed, are in military, naval or civil confinement or custody, or under bonds of the civil, military or naval authorities or agents of the United States, as prisoners of war, or persons detained for offences of any kind either before or after conviction.

Thirteenth.—All persons who have voluntarily participated in said rebellion, and the estimated value of whose taxable property is over twenty thousand dollars.

Fourteenth—All persons who have taken the oath of amnesty as prescribed in the President's proclamation of December eighth, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, or an oath of allegiance to the government of the United States since the date of said proclamation, and who have not henceforward kept and maintained the same inviolate: *Provided*, That special application may be made to the President for pardon by any person belonging to the excepted classes, and such clemency will be liberally extended as may be consistent with the facts of the case and the peace and dignity of the United States.

Under the first exception are included all persons who have been civil or diplomatic officers or agents of the pretended Confederate government, either within or without the territorial limits of the United States.

Under the seventh exception are included all officers, agents, or private citizens who have been absent from the United States for the purpose of aiding the rebellion.

Under the thirteenth exception are included all who, during the rebellion, have held any office or agency under the State or pretended Confederate government; or have in any way voluntarily joined in the rebellion, as for example, by entering or marching with armed forces hostile to the United States; by sending or furnishing money, provisions, or arms to persons engaged in the rebellion save in cases where money or provisions were furnished from the promptings of charity or humanity; by acting with assemblages of persons, whether organized or unorganized, hostile to the United States; or in any other way giving voluntary aid, assistance or encouragement to the rebellion; and whose taxable property on the 29th day of May, 1865, exceeded in value the sum of twenty thousand dollars.

The other exceptions are so plain as not to require explanation.

No certificate will be granted by the Justices to any person who is included within any of the fourteen excluded classes, unless on exhibition by the party of his pardon for his offence from the President.

The Justices appointed to administer the amnesty oath, and to furnish certificates of the same which shall be evidence of loyalty, are especially instructed to be vigilant and faithful. While it will not be their duty to attempt to pry into the hearts and consciences of men, they will nevertheless admonish those who may apply to take the oath, that it must be taken and subscribed in good faith, with an honest intention on their part to keep it without secret purpose or mental reservation upon any occasion or at any time to commit any act in violation of said oath; and they will warn them that if the oath is not thus taken and kept, the pardon offered them by the President will be void, and they will remain subject to trial under the law for perjury and treason.

The Justices, Clerks and Sheriffs, whose duty it is to provide for administering the oath and to conduct the elections, are enjoined to use every practicable means to enable every citizen to take the oath who may desire and be entitled to do so. And the Inspectors are enjoined to inspect and examine fairly and truly, to decide in every case in accordance with the law, and with the instructions they have received from this office, and to make prompt and correct returns of the number of votes and for whom cast, at their respective precincts.

Done at our city of Raleigh, the 8th day of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and in the year of the independence of the United States the ninetieth.

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,
Provisional Governor.

By the Governor:
LEWIS HAINS, Private Secretary.
aug 9 2wtd

***The newspapers of the State will publish the above Proclamation twice a week till day of election, and send accounts to this office.

HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES.

JARRATT'S HOTEL,
PETERSBURG, VA.,
(TERMINUS OF WELDON RAILROAD.)
PLATT & SIMMONS, Proprietors.
JAS. H. PLATT, JR. aug7-3m GEO. C. SIMMONS.

Metropolitan Hotel,
GREENSBORO', N. C.
KEOGH & CRANE .....Proprietors.

Messrs. KEOGH & CRANE having refitted and furnished throughout the popular hotel in Greensboro known as the Brittain House, have opened it under the above name.
They will spare no pains or expense to make it the best hotel in the State. aug28-1m

DRY GOODS.

GEO. Z. FRENCH & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
CUTTER & FRENCH
Fayetteville Street,
(OLD STAND OF TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO.,)
ARE CLOSING OUT
AT COST,
THEIR EXTENSIVE STOCK OF
CLOTHING,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Hats and Caps,
BOOTS & SHOES,
MILITARY CLOTHING,
MILITARY TRIMMINGS AND EQUIPMENTS,
SUTER GOODS,
GROCERIES,
&c., &c., &c.

Call and examine this stock before purchasing elsewhere.
jy 17-tf

BOARD AT BEAUFORT.

MRS. FULFORD will accommodate boarders by the day, week or month. Terms $10 per week—children and servants half price. Residence on Ann street. sept1-3w

[illegible]
AND
Short Connection
ROUTE
From Charlotte
TO THE
Northern Cities,
VIA
North Carolina Railroad,
Raleigh & Gaston Railroad,
Petersburg & Weldon Railroad
AND THENCE
VARIOUS CONNECTIONS.

Passengers by this line will leave CHARLOTTE at 5 o'clock p. m., arrive at Raleigh 4.30 a. m. Leave RALEIGH 5 o'clock a. m., arrive at Gaston 12 a. m. Leave GASTON 1 p. m., arrive at Petersburg 6.30 p. m., and leave that night for Richmond and the north, resting in Petersburg, get a good night's rest and take the cars for City Point, connecting with the James River steamers for northern points.

Passengers for western or southern points will leave Petersburg at 8.30 o'clock a. m., arrive at Gaston 11 a. m. Leave Gaston 11 a. m., arrive at Raleigh 7 p. m. Leave Raleigh at 7.40 p. m. and 8 a. m.

Passengers are respectfully requested to get tickets before entering the cars.

No train on the Petersburg Rail Road on Sundays.

R. WILKES,
Eng. and Sup't N. C. R. R.
A. JOHNSON,
Sup't Raleigh & Gaston R. R.
R. M. DUNLOP,
aug21 tf Sup't Petersburg & Weldon R. R.

***Raleigh Standard, Sentinel, Recorder, Salisbury Union Banner and Petersburg Express publish daily; Charlotte Democrat and Greensboro Patriot publish weekly, till forbid. A. J., Sup't R. & G. R. R.

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.
[illegible]
Change of Time.

ON AND AFTER 7:40 P. M., Sunday, August 13th, 1865, Trains will run, until further orders, as follows

GOING WEST:
MAIL TRAIN:

Leave Raleigh,		7.40 P. M.
" Greensboro,		2.17 A. M.
" Salisbury,		6.45 "
Arrive Charlotte,		10.10 "

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN:

Leave Raleigh,		6.00 A. M.
" Greensboro,		12.50 P. M.
" Salisbury,		5.00 "
Arrive Charlotte,		8.30 "

GOING EAST:
MAIL TRAIN:

Leave Charlotte,		3.00 P. M.
" Salisbury,		6.25 "
" Greensboro,		10.15 "
Arrive Raleigh,		4.30 A. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN:

Leave Charlotte,		5.25 A. M.
" Salisbury,		9.00 "
" Greensboro,		1.05 P. M.
Arrive Raleigh,		7.30 "

MAIL TRAIN connects, east and west, with the Raleigh & Gaston train for Petersburg and the North and with the U. S. Military railroad for Goldsboro, Newbern, Morehead City and Wilmington.
FREIGHT TRAIN leaves Raleigh at 11 A. M., Charlotte 6 00 A. M.,—stopping at Company Shops over night.
The Mail Train only will run on Sunday. Passengers are notified to procure tickets before entering the trains, as additional fare will be collected.

R. WILKES,
aug12-tf Engineer and Sup't.

SCHEDULE
RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD,
To take effect Tuesday, June 22, 1865.

GOING NORTH:
MAIL TRAIN:

Leave Raleigh	5 00	A. M.
" Mill Brook	5 25	"
" Huntsville	5 45	"
" Wake	6 12	"
" Franklinton	7 03	"
" Kittrell's	8 13	"
" Henderson	8 33	"
" Junction	8 53	"
" Ridgeway	9 23	"
" Warrenton	10 15	"
" Macon	10 37	"
" Littleton	11 20	"
" Gaston	12 00	"
Arrive Weldon	1 00	P. M.

GOING SOUTH:
MAIL TRAIN:

Leave Weldon	10 00	A. M.
" Gaston	11 00	"
" Littleton	12 45	P. M.
" Macon	1 24	"
" Warrenton	1 57	"
" Ridgeway	2 22	"
" Junction	2 50	"
" Henderson	3 21	"
" Kittrell's	4 03	"
" Franklinton	4 44	"
" Wake	5 33	"
" Huntsville	6 05	"
" Mill Brook	6 21	"
Arrive Raleigh	7 00	"

ALBERT JOHNSON,
aug14-tf Superintendent.

Notice.
OFFICE OF THE PETERSBURG R. R. CO.,
Petersburg, Va., August 14, 1865.

THE Petersburg [illegible] to transport [illegible] Petersburg, Va., [illegible] Interior States [illegible] by [illegible] Outward Freights [illegible] can be paid [illegible] At Richmond [illegible] same [illegible] Central [illegible] Company will [illegible] on their [illegible] aug15-tf

[illegible]
HARRY,
[illegible], N. C.,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND
[illegible] DEALER IN
Provisions, Groceries,
AND
[illegible] MERCHANDISE
—:o:—
COTTON, NAVAL STORES & OTHER PRODUCTS
Received on consignment for sale in New York,
Or Bought for Cash.
—:o:—
LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES
MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS TO
ARTHUR LEARY, - - - NEW YORK.
—:o:—
SIGHT DRAFTS ON NEW YORK
Bought and Sold.
—:o:—
AGENT FOR THE
NEW YORK AND WILMINGTON
Line Steamships
Commander
AND
Starlight.
aug16-6m

THE UNION STORE,
(BUTCHING'S OLD STAND,)
THE FINEST AND LARGEST ESTABLISHMENT IN TOWN NOW OPEN.
PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK, CONSISTING OF ALL KINDS OF
FANCY GOODS, SEGARS, TOBACO AND PIPES.
—ALSO—
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
LADIES SHOES OF ALL DESCRIPTION.
AND ORLIGE YOUR OBEDIENT SERVANT,
P. H. THEIM.
Raleigh, N. C., June 30, 1865-3m

MURRAY & NEPHEW,
COMMISSION AND SHIPPING MERCHANTS,
AND AGENTS FOR MURRAY'S NORTH CAROLINA STEAMSHIP LINE,
62 South Street, New York.
CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON AND NAVAL Stores will receive our special attention. Consignments made through GEO. W. DILL, Morehead, will be forwarded free of charge.
All orders promptly filled. Having been in the North Carolina trade for over twenty years, we feel competent to give correct quotations in all particulars.
P. S.—Full quotations of our market to furnished.
May 15-tf

C. M. Delamar & Co.,
(Formerly of Baltimore,)
GENERAL COMMISSION
AND
Shipping Merchants,
[illegible] NEW YORK,
[illegible] TOBACCO, NAVAL STORES, &c., &c.,
[illegible] prompt-
aug1-3m

[illegible] COTTON OWNERS.
[illegible] SEED and SEA ISLAND COTTON. FARMERS [illegible] of any [illegible] will send [illegible]
RICHARDSON & MILLER.